

## Animal and Plant Health Inspection Service, USDA

## § 301.80-2a

### § 301.80-2a Regulated areas; generally infested and suppressive areas.

The civil divisions and parts of civil divisions described below are designated as witchweed regulated areas within the meaning of this subpart.

#### NORTH CAROLINA

(1) *Generally infested areas.* None.

(2) *Suppressive areas.*

*Bladen County.* That area north of a line beginning at the intersection of the Robeson-Bladen County line and State Highway 211, then east along State Highway 211 Bypass to State Highway 242, then northeast along State Highway 242 to U.S. Highway 701, then north along U.S. Highway 701 to the Cape Fear River, then southeast along the Cape Fear River to the Bladen-Columbus County line.

The Hardison, H.B., farm located on a field road 0.25 mile northwest of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1719 and 0.2 mile west of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1797.

*Cumberland County.* That area bounded on the west by the Cape Fear River, then by a line running east and northeast along the Fayetteville city limits to U.S. Highway 301, then northeast along U.S. Highway 301 to Interstate 95, then northeast along Interstate 95 to U.S. Highway 13, then east and northeast along U.S. Highway 13 to the Cumberland-Sampson County line.

The Bullock, Berline, farm located on the north side of State Secondary Road 1722 and 0.2 mile west of its intersection with U.S. Highway 301.

The Lovick, Eugene, farm located on the north side of State Secondary Road 1732 and 0.9 mile west of its junction with U.S. Highway 301.

The McLaurin, George, farm located on the north side of State Secondary Road 1722 and 0.4 mile west of its intersection with U.S. Highway 301.

*Pender County.* The Hardie, George, farm located along a private drive on the southeast side of State Secondary Road 1104, 0.3 mile north of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1103.

The Peterson, Grady, farm located along a private drive on the southeast side of State Secondary Road 1104, 0.3 mile north of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1103.

The Zibelin, John, farm located 0.5 mile east of State Secondary Road 1105, 1.2 miles south of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1104.

*Robeson County.* That area south of a line beginning at the intersection of State Highway 211 with the Robeson-Bladen County line, then west to its intersection with the Robeson-Hoke County line.

The Biggs, Furman, farm located on the west side of State Secondary Road 1956, 0.3 mile southeast of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1959.

The Blanks, Donnie, farm located on the west side of State Secondary Road 1761, 0.3 mile north of its junction with State Secondary Road 1758.

The Britt, R.B., farm located on both sides of State Secondary Road 1765, 0.2 mile southeast of its junction with State Secondary Road 1758.

The Burnett, C.C., farm located on the north side of State Secondary Road 1757, 0.2 mile northeast of its junction with State Road 1001.

The McMillan, J.P., farm located on both sides of State Secondary Road 1770, 1.25 miles north of its junction with State Highway 211.

The McNair Investment farm located on the north side of State Secondary Road 1764, 1.5 miles west of its intersection with State Secondary Road 1762.

*Sampson County.* That area south of a line beginning at a point where U.S. Highway 421 intersects the Sampson-Harnett County line, then southeast along U.S. Highway 421 to the Sampson-Pender County line.

#### SOUTH CAROLINA

(1) *Generally infested areas.* None.

(2) *Suppressive areas.*

*Horry County.* That area bounded by a line beginning at a point where U.S. Highway 9 intersects the Horry-Marion County line, then east along U.S. Highway 9 to State Secondary Highway 19, then southeast along State Secondary Highway 19 to Lake Swamp, then southwest along Lake Swamp to State Secondary Highway 99, then south and southwest along State Secondary Highway 99 to U.S. Highway 501, then west along U.S. Highway 501 to the Little Pee Dee River, then north along the Little Pee Dee River to the Lumber River, then north along the Lumber River to U.S. Highway 9, the point of beginning.

The Adams, Lena J., farm located on the west side of State Highway 90, 1.2 miles west of its junction with the State Secondary Road known as Pint Circle.

The Chestnut, Alberta, farm located on the west side of State Highway 90, 0.3 mile west of its junction with the State Secondary Road known as Pint Circle.

The James, Norman, farm located west of State Highway 90, 0.4 mile west of its junction with an unpaved road known as Thompson Road.

The Jenerette, Miriam, farm located on the east side of State Secondary Road 23, 3.4 miles south of its junction with State Highway 917.

The Lewis, Lula, farm located on the west side of State Highway 90, 0.4 mile west of its

junction with an unpaved road known as Livingston Lane and 0.1 mile east of its junction with an unpaved road known as Beecher Lane.

The Livingston, Donnie, farm located on the east side of State Highway 90, 0.5 mile southeast of its junction with the State Secondary Road known as Bombing Range Road, 0.6 mile southeast of its junction with an unpaved road known as Dewitt Road, and 0.2 mile west of its junction with an unpaved road known as Sand Hill Lane.

The Livingston, Pittman, farm located on the east side of State Highway 90, 2.2 miles north of its junction with State Highway 22.

The Montgomery, Harry, farm located on the northwest side of State Highway 76 in the Causey community, 2.2 miles northwest of its junction with the State Secondary Road known as Sand Trap Road, 3.7 miles northeast of its junction with an unpaved road known as Causey Road, 0.1 mile northwest of its junction with an unpaved road known as Griffins Landing, and 0.15 mile northeast of its junction with an unpaved road known as Flat River Road.

The Permenter, Lucille, farm located on the east and west side of State Highway 57 at Worthar Cutoff junction, 0.5 mile south of the North Carolina/South Carolina State line.

The Stanley, Andrew, farm located on the east side of State Highway 90, 0.2 mile east of its junction with an unpaved road known as Andrew Road.

The Todd, Don, farm located west of State Highway 90, 0.4 mile west of its junction with an unpaved road known as Tilley Swamp Road.

The Vereen, Rufus C., farm located east of State Highway 90, 0.4 mile east of its junction with the State Secondary Road known as Old Chesterfield Road.

*Marion County.* The Brown, Lewis, farm located on the south side of State Highway 76, 1.4 miles south of its junction with State Secondary Road 201.

The Fowler, Herbert, Estate, farm located east of State Highway 501, 1.4 miles northeast of its junction with an unpaved road known as Bowling Green Road and 0.1 mile north of its junction with an unpaved road known as Salem Road.

The Rowell, Molite, farm located on the west side of State Secondary Road 9, 0.2 mile west of its junction with an unpaved road known as Molite Road.

The Taw Caw Plantation farm located on the south side of State Highway 76, 1.3 miles south of its junction with an unpaved road known as Bubba Road.

[68 FR 6604, Feb. 10, 2003, as amended at 68 FR 51876, Aug. 29, 2003]

**§ 301.80-2b Exempted articles.<sup>1</sup>**

(a) The following articles are exempt from the certification and permit and other requirements of this subpart if they meet the applicable conditions prescribed in paragraphs (a) (1) through (5) of this section and have not been exposed to infestation after cleaning or other handling as prescribed in said paragraph:

(1) Small grains, if harvested in bulk or into new or treated containers, and if the grains and containers for the grains have not come in contact with the soil or if they have been cleaned at a designed facility.<sup>2</sup>

(2) Soybeans, when determined by an inspector that the soybeans were grown, harvested, and handled in a manner to prevent contamination from witchweed seed.

(3) Pickling cucumbers, string beans, and field peas, if washed free of soil with running water.

(4) Used farm tools, if cleaned free of soil.

(5) Used mechanized cultivating equipment and used mechanized soil-moving equipment, if cleaned free of soil.

(b) The following article is exempt from the certification and permit requirements of § 301.80-4 under the applicable conditions as prescribed in paragraph (b)(1) of this section:

(1) Seed cotton, if moving to a designated gin.<sup>2</sup>

[42 FR 56334, Oct. 25, 1977, as amended at 53 FR 24924, July 1, 1988]

**§ 301.80-3 Conditions governing the interstate movement of regulated articles from quarantined States.<sup>3</sup>**

(a) Any regulated articles, except soil samples for processing, testing, or analysis, may be moved interstate

<sup>1</sup>The articles hereby exempted remain subject to applicable restrictions under other quarantines.

<sup>2</sup>Information as to designated facilities, gins, oil mills, and processing plants may be obtained from an inspector. Any facility, gin, oil mill, or processing plant is eligible for designation under this subpart if the operator thereof enters into a compliance agreement (as defined in § 301.80-1(b)).

<sup>3</sup>Requirements under all other applicable Federal domestic plant quarantines must also be met.